## Broadband READY Southeastern Region

## Digital Inclusion Regional Profile

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## Socio-Economic

Socio-economic indicators are an important part of the digital inclusion narrative for two reasons. First, some socio-economic indicators impact technology adoption, meaning people in those groups are more or less likely to use technology. Second, socio-economic indicators can also impact access to online information and services.

Additional Resources:
US Census Bureau Data Profiles
Illinois Broadband Advisory Council's Affordability Study

- Race/Ethnicity Breakdown
- Age Group Breakdown
- Educational Attainment
- Percent Households with

Children

- Individual Poverty Rate
- Limited English Households

Race/Ethnicity Breakdown


## Age Groups Breakdown


$\square$ Under $18 \quad$ 18-24 $\quad$ 25-44 $\quad 45-64 \quad 65$ or older

Educational Attainment: Percent Population 25 or Older


## Percent Households with Children



## Individual Poverty Rate

The map shows census tracts divided intolow, medium, and high based on the individual poverty rate as of 2019. A darker color indicates a higher individual poverty rate. Table shows individual poverty rate per county and the region.

| Individual Poverty Rate | Percent | Individual Poverty Rate | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 11.1 | Marion | 17.7 |
| Clay | 16.5 | Moultrie | 7.2 |
| Coles | 20.8 | Richland | 14.7 |
| Crawford | 11.6 | Southeast Region | 15.0 |
| Cumberland | 13.9 |  |  |
| Edgar | 12.0 |  |  |
| Effingham | 10.6 |  |  |
| Fayette | 17.2 |  |  |
| Jasper | 13.7 |  |  |
| Lawrence | 16.2 |  |  |

## Limited English Households

The map shows census tracts dividedintolow, medium, and high based on the percent of limited English households as of 2019. A darker color indicates a higher share of limited English households. Table shows the percent of limited English households per county and the region.

| Limited English <br> Households | Percent | Limited English <br> Households | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 0.1 | Perry | 0.3 |
| Clay | 0.8 | Pope | 0.7 |
| Coles | 0.7 | Pulaski | 0.5 |
| Crawford | 0.4 | Saline | 0.5 |
| Cumberland | 0.1 |  |  |
| Edgar | 0.2 |  |  |
| Effingham | 0.7 |  |  |
| Fayette | 0.3 |  |  |
| Jasper | 0.0 |  |  |
| Lawrence | 0.5 |  |  |



## Availability

Broadband availability varies greatly across the US and the standards of service are in fluctuation. The current definition of broadband set by the FCC is 25 Mbps download, 3 Mbps upload (25/3), however 100 Mbps download and 20 Mbps upload (100/20) is believed to be the standard better capable of meeting current work and learn from home needs. As technology advances and needs change, we can anticipate these standards changing as well.

## Additional Resources:

Illinois Drive-up Wifi map
Illinois Interactive Broadband Map

- Housing Units Density

Outside 25/3 Footprint

- Housing Units Density

Outside 100/20
Footprint

- Download/Upload

Speed Test Results

Housing Units Density Outside 25/3 Footprint


| Housing Units Outside <br> 25/3 Footprint | Percent | Housing Units Outside <br> 25/3 Footprint | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 17.9 | Marion | 7.1 |
| Clay | 14.5 | Moultrie | 23.6 |
| Coles | 9.5 | Richland | 3.7 |
| Crawford | 19.2 | Southeast Region | 4.8 |
| Cumberland | 43.8 |  |  |
| Edgar | 15.3 |  |  |
| Effingham | 7.7 |  |  |
| Fayette | 20.0 |  |  |
| Jasper | 4.7 |  |  |
| Lawrence | 41.2 |  |  |

Housing Units Density Outside 100/20 Footprint


| Housing Units Outside <br> 100/20 Footprint | Percent | Housing Units Outside <br> 100/20 Footprint | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 39.4 | Marion | 22.9 |
| Clay | 17.9 | Moultrie | 88.6 |
| Coles | 18.6 | Richland | 6.6 |
| Crawford | 36.1 | Southeast Region | 27.5 |
| Cumberland | 57.4 |  |  |
| Edgar | 29.8 |  |  |
| Effingham | 36.6 |  |  |
| Fayette | 22.2 |  |  |
| Jasper | 23.9 |  |  |
| Lawrence | 76.6 |  |  |

## Download Speed Test Results (Mbps)



## Upload Speed Test Results (Mbps)



## Adoption

With any technology advancement, there are those quick to adopt and those who lag behind. These individuals can be left out of the information, services, and other benefits that come with the use of broadband, causing inequality and missed opportunities for the overall community.

Additional Resources:
Data Central Blog | National Telecommunications and Information Administration(ntia.gov)

- Households with No

Internet Access

- Homework Gap
- Senior Gap
- Digital Distress
- Venture and Highly Active

Ventures

The map shows census tracts divided intolow, medium, and high based on the percent of households with no internet access as of 2019. A darkercolor indicates a higher share of households without internet access. Table shows the percent of household with no internet access per county and the region.

| Households with No <br> Internet Access | Percent | Households with No <br> Internet Access | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 18.3 | Marion | 18.2 |
| Clay | 17.9 | Moultrie | 21.0 |
| Coles | 16.2 | Richland | 17.9 |
| Crawford | 19.6 | Southeast Region | 18.7 |
| Cumberland | 21.4 |  |  |
| Edgar | 19.2 |  |  |
| Effingham | 15.5 |  |  |
| Fayette | 25.6 |  |  |
| Jasper | 22.2 |  |  |
| Lawrence | 22.1 |  |  |



## Homework Gap

The map shows census tracts divided intolow, medium, and high based on the percent of children with a computer but no internet as of 2019. A darker color indicates a highershare. Table shows the percent of children with a computer but no internet per county and the region.

| Children with Computer, <br> no Internet | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 11.9 |
| Clay | 9.4 |
| Coles | 6.0 |
| Crawford | 8.2 |
| Cumberland | 6.6 |
| Edgar | 4.8 |
| Effingham | 7.9 |
| Fayette | 4.9 |
| Jasper | 7.8 |
| Lawrence |  |


| Children with Computer, <br> no Internet | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Marion | 7.8 |
| Moultrie | 5.1 |
| Richland | 2.7 |
| Southeast Region | 6.5 |
|  |  |



The map shows census tracts divided intolow, medium, and high based on the percent of those ages 65 or older with a computer but no internet as of 2019. A darker color indicates a higher share. Table shows the percent of those ages 65 or olderwith a computer but no internet per county and the region.

| Ages 65 or Older with <br> Computer, no Internet | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 8.4 |
| Clay | 10.2 |
| Coles | 6.6 |
| Crawford | 11.0 |
| Cumberland | 11.6 |
| Edgar | 8.8 |
| Effingham | 5.2 |
| Fayette | 1.9 |
| Jasper | 10.8 |
| Lawrence | 11.5 |


| Ages 65 or Older with <br> Computer, no Internet | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Marion | 8.7 |
| Moultrie | 10.1 |
| Richland | 11.7 |
| Southeast Region | 8.5 |

Over 65 Computer No Internet Access
Low
(0.0\%-4.9\%)
Medium
(5.0\%-9.9\%)


## Digital Distress

The map shows census tracts divided intolow, medium, and high based on theirlevel of digital distress (higher share of households with cellular data only or no internet as well as mobile only or no computing devices) as of 2019. A darker color indicates a higherdigital distress.

| Households in High <br> Digital Distress Areas | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 34.8 |
| Clay | 55.5 |
| Coles | 6.2 |
| Crawford | 31.8 |
| Cumberland | 11.0 |
| Edgar | 10.1 |
| Effingham | 66.1 |
| Fayette | 100.0 |
| Jasper | 40.4 |
| Lawrence |  |


| Households in High <br> Digital Distress Areas | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Marion | 54.2 |
| Moultrie | 29.6 |
| Richland | 36.3 |
| Southeast Region |  |
|  |  |



## Ventures (Websites per 100 residents) and Highly Active Ventures



## Trends and Data Combinations for Further Analysis

Issues related to socio-economics, availability, and adoption are not stand alone, but in many cases compound on one another. Tools such as the Digital Divide Index can help us better understand their relationship. These issues will impact current and emerging trends such eLearning, remote work, and changes in jobs to require digital skills. It's important to understand the current situation to better prepare for future changes.

## Additional Resources:

PCRD's Digital Divide Index

- Remote Work \& e-Learning

Vulnerability (ReV)

- Digital Divide Index
- Percent Digital Economy Jobs
- Share of Occupations by

Digital Skills Level

## Remote Work \& e-Learning Vulnerability (ReV)

The map shows census tracts divided intolow, medium, and high based on their ReV (areas vulnerable to not remote work or e-learn) due to poor connectivity, homework gap, and occupations not conducive to remote work as of 2019. A darker color indicates more vulnerable areas.

| Households in a High <br> ReV Area | Percent | Households in a High <br> ReV Area | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Clark | 100.0 | Marion | 77.7 |
| Clay | 100.0 | Moultrie | 78.4 |
| Coles | 46.9 | Richland | 73.4 |
| Crawford | 100.0 |  | Southeast Region |
| Cumberland | 100.0 |  |  |
| Edgar | 48.3 |  |  |
| Effingham | 100.0 |  |  |
| Fayette | 100.0 |  |  |
| Jasper | 100.0 |  |  |
| Lawrence |  |  |  |



## Digital Divide Index

The map shows census tracts divided intolow, medium, and high based on their digital divide index score (includes infrastructure/adoption and socioeconomic scores) as of 2019. A darker color indicates a higher digital divide.

| Households in High <br> Digital Divide Areas | Percent |
| :--- | :--- |
| Clark | 74.9 |
| Clay | 62.1 |
| Coles | 67.3 |
| Crawford | 100.0 |
| Cumberland | 100.0 |
| Edgar | 21.0 |
| Effingham | 100.0 |
| Fayette | 100.0 |
| Jasper | 82.8 |
| Lawrence |  |


| Household in High <br> Digital Divide Areas | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Marion | 88.8 |
| Moultrie | 60.4 |
| Richland | 83.1 |
| Southeast Region |  |
|  |  |



## Percent Digital Economy Jobs



Share of Occupations by Digital Skills Level


